

## GS104 Exercise Basic Principles of Chemistry

Answer the following questions using the attached information sheets and your class notes.

1. Identify the atomic no. for the following elements:

Hydrogen (H)	_____	Oxygen (O)	_____
Sodium (Na)	_____	Chlorine (Cl)	_____
Magnesium (Mg)	_____	Nitrogen (N)	_____
Potassium (K)	_____	Carbon (C)	_____
Calcium (Ca)	_____	Aluminum (Al)	_____
Iron (Fe)	_____	Phosphorous (P)	_____
Copper (Cu)	_____	Sulfur (S)	_____
Zinc (Zn)	_____	Silica (Si)	_____

What does the atomic no. represent or equal to?

2. What is the most common atomic weight for each of the following elements? (ROUND OFF TO THE NEAREST WHOLE NUMBER).

Hydrogen (H)	_____	Oxygen (O)	_____	Potassium (K)	_____	Carbon (C)	_____
Sodium (Na)	_____	Chlorine (Cl)	_____	Magnesium (Mg)	_____	Nitrogen (N)	_____
Calcium (Ca)	_____	Aluminum (Al)	_____	Iron (Fe)	_____	Phosphorous (P)	_____
Copper (Cu)	_____	Sulfur (S)	_____	Zinc (Zn)	_____	Silica (Si)	_____

3. What is the number of electrons found associated with each of the following elements?

Hydrogen (H)	_____	Oxygen (O)	_____
Sodium (Na)	_____	Chlorine (Cl)	_____
Magnesium (Mg)	_____	Nitrogen (N)	_____
Potassium (K)	_____	Carbon (C)	_____
Calcium (Ca)	_____	Aluminum (Al)	_____
Iron (Fe)	_____	Phosphorous (P)	_____
Copper (Cu)	_____	Sulfur (S)	_____
Zinc (Zn)	_____	Silica (Si)	_____

4. What is the most common number of neutrons found in the nucleus of each of the following elements?

Hydrogen (H)	_____	Oxygen (O)	_____
Sodium (Na)	_____	Chlorine (Cl)	_____
Magnesium (Mg)	_____	Nitrogen (N)	_____
Potassium (K)	_____	Carbon (C)	_____
Calcium (Ca)	_____	Aluminum (Al)	_____
Iron (Fe)	_____	Phosphorous (P)	_____
Copper (Cu)	_____	Sulfur (S)	_____
Zinc (Zn)	_____	Silica (Si)	_____

5. Name and define the two principal types of atomic bonding?

6. Which particle of the atom defines the type of element that it represents?

7. Oxygen 18 and Oxygen 16 are examples of two \_\_\_\_\_ of oxygen. By definition, each has the same number of \_\_\_\_\_, but a different number of \_\_\_\_\_.

8 How many electrons does the first electron energy level shell hold? \_\_\_\_\_  
How many electrons does each successive electron shell hold? \_\_\_\_\_.

9. What are the "noble gases" and what is unique about their electron configurations?

10. Write the scientific (exponential) notation for the following numbers

2 billion _____	100 _____
1,000,000 _____	0.00001 _____
0.0015 _____	10,000 _____

11. Make the following English and Metric Conversions:

Convert 8.9 km to meters:

Convert 25 cm to millimeters:

Convert 8.9 km to miles:

Convert 2000 Ft to inches:

Convert 6.3 miles to Feet:

Convert 76 degrees Farenheit to Centigrade:

Convert 10 degrees C to Kelvin:

Convert 10 degrees Centigrade to Farenheit: