

KEY

10fb

- Intro Problems - VerSS man & Lewis; CHAP. 1

$$1.1 \quad Ad = 100 \text{ km}^2 \left(\frac{10^6 \text{ m}^2}{\text{km}^2} \right) = 1 \times 10^8 \text{ m}^2 \quad Ad = 100 \text{ km}^2$$

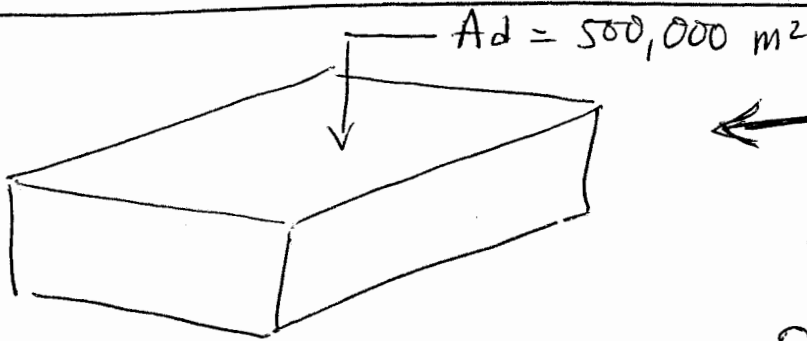


$$R = \text{Runoff} = 2 \text{ cm depth equivalent} = 2 \text{ cm} \left(\frac{1 \text{ m}}{100 \text{ cm}} \right) = 0.02 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{Vol} = Ad \cdot R = (1 \times 10^8 \text{ m}^2)(0.02 \text{ m}) = (2 \times 10^6 \text{ m}^3) \star$$

$$\text{Vol} = (2 \times 10^6 \text{ m}^3) \left(\frac{1 \text{ ac-ft}}{1233.5 \text{ m}^3} \right) = (1621.4 \text{ ac-ft}) \star$$

1.2



$$\text{INFLOW} = \left(\frac{1 \text{ m}^3}{\text{sec}} \right) \left(\frac{60 \text{ sec}}{\text{min}} \right) \left(\frac{60 \text{ min}}{\text{hr}} \right) =$$

$$Q_{\text{INFLOW}} = 3600 \frac{\text{m}^3}{\text{hr}} = \text{INFLOW RATE}$$

$$d = 30 \text{ cm} \left(\frac{1 \text{ m}}{100 \text{ cm}} \right) = 0.3 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{Vol} = (500,000 \text{ m}^2)(0.3 \text{ m}) = 150,000 \text{ m}^3$$

$$t (Q_{\text{INFLOW}}) = \frac{\text{Vol}}{Q}$$

$$t Q = \text{Vol}$$

$$t = \frac{\text{Vol}}{Q} = \frac{150,000 \text{ m}^3}{3600 \text{ m}^3/\text{hr}} = (41.7 \text{ hr})$$

1.3

STORAGE VOLUME = 13 ac-ft

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{TIME}_1 \\ \downarrow \\ \text{1 hr} \\ \downarrow \\ \text{TIME}_2 \end{array} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} Q_{\text{INFLW}} = 450 \frac{\text{ft}^3}{\text{sec}} \\ Q_{\text{OUTFLW}} = 500 \frac{\text{ft}^3}{\text{sec}} \end{array} \right.$$

$$\begin{aligned} I_{\text{INFLW}} - O_{\text{OUTFLW}} &= \Delta S \\ I - Q &= \Delta S \\ 450 \frac{\text{ft}^3}{\text{sec}} - 500 \frac{\text{ft}^3}{\text{sec}} &= -50 \frac{\text{ft}^3}{\text{sec}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} Q_{\text{INFLW}} = 500 \frac{\text{ft}^3}{\text{sec}} \\ Q_{\text{OUTFLW}} = 530 \frac{\text{ft}^3}{\text{sec}} \end{array} \right.$$

$$\begin{aligned} I - Q &= \Delta S \\ 500 \frac{\text{ft}^3}{\text{sec}} - 530 \frac{\text{ft}^3}{\text{sec}} &= -30 \frac{\text{ft}^3}{\text{sec}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\Delta S}{1 \text{ hr}} = \frac{\Delta S_2 - \Delta S_1}{\text{hr}} = -30 \frac{\text{ft}^3}{\text{sec}} - \left(-50 \frac{\text{ft}^3}{\text{sec}} \right) =$$

$$-30 \frac{\text{ft}^3}{\text{sec}} + 50 \frac{\text{ft}^3}{\text{sec}} = +20 \frac{\text{ft}^3}{\text{sec}}$$

$$1 \text{ hour NET } \overset{\text{Lost}}{=} = \left(-30 \frac{\text{ft}^3}{\text{sec}} \right) \left(\frac{60 \text{ sec}}{\text{min}} \right) \left(\frac{60 \text{ min}}{\text{hr}} \right) = -108,000 \text{ ft}^3$$

$$1 \text{ hour NET LOSS} = \frac{-108,000 \text{ ft}^3}{35.31 \frac{\text{ft}^3}{\text{m}^3}} = \boxed{-3058 \text{ m}^3}$$

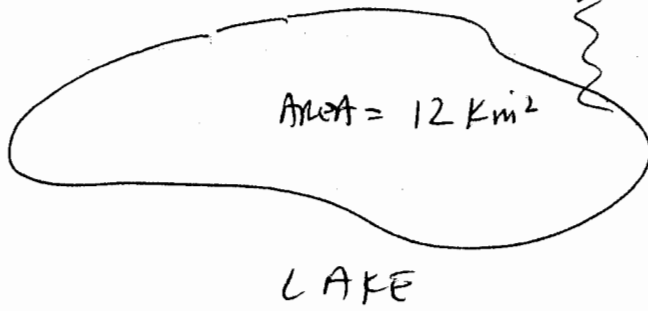
$$1 \text{ hour NET} = \left(-3058 \text{ m}^3 \right) \left(\frac{1 \text{ ac-ft}}{1233.5 \text{ m}^3} \right) = \boxed{-2.48 \text{ ac-ft}}$$

TOTAL STORAGE VOLUME AFTER 1 hr =

$$13 \text{ ac-ft} - 2.48 \text{ ac-ft} = \boxed{10.52 \text{ ac-ft}}$$

ANNUAL EVAPORATION = 125 cm

1.4



$$\text{Area} = 12 \text{ km}^2 \left(\frac{1 \times 10^6 \text{ m}^2}{\text{km}^2} \right) \left(\frac{1 \times 10^4 \text{ cm}^2}{\text{m}^2} \right) = 1.2 \times 10^{11} \text{ cm}^2$$

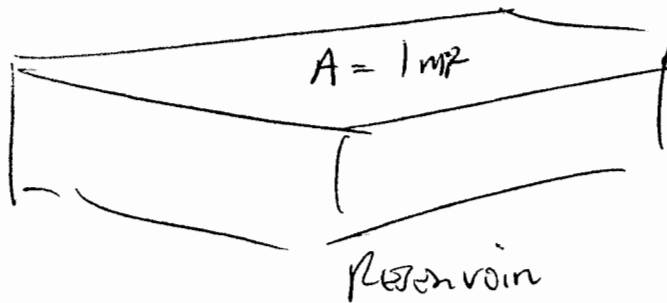
$$\text{Annual EVAP} = 125 \frac{\text{cm}}{\text{yr}}$$

$$\text{Daily EVAP} = \frac{125 \text{ cm}}{\text{yr}} \cdot \frac{1 \text{ yr}}{365 \text{ day}} = \boxed{0.34 \frac{\text{cm}}{\text{day}}}$$

$$\text{Daily EVAP} = 0.34 \frac{\text{cm}}{\text{day}} \left(\frac{1 \text{ in}}{2.54 \text{ cm}} \right) = \boxed{0.13 \frac{\text{in}}{\text{day}}}$$

1.5

86400



← Inflow = $12 \frac{\text{ft}^3}{\text{sec}}$

$$A = 1 \text{ m}^2 \left(\frac{2.79 \times 10^7 \text{ ft}^2}{\text{m}^2} \right) = 2.79 \times 10^7 \text{ ft}^2$$

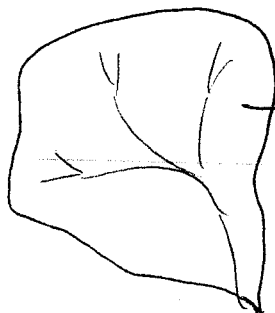
depth to raise Level = 6 in $\left(\frac{1 \text{ ft}}{12 \text{ in}} \right)$
 $d = 0.5 \text{ ft}$

$$A \cdot d = \text{TOTAL VOLUME INCREASE} = (2.79 \times 10^7 \text{ ft}^2) (0.5 \text{ ft}) = 1.395 \times 10^7 \text{ ft}^3$$

$$Q_{\text{inflow}} = \frac{\text{VOL}}{t} \Rightarrow t = \frac{\text{VOL}}{Q_{\text{in}}} = \frac{1.395 \times 10^7 \text{ ft}^3}{12 \text{ ft}^3/\text{sec}} = \boxed{1,162,500 \text{ s}}$$

$$\text{Time} = 1,162,500 \text{ sec} \left(\frac{1 \text{ min}}{60 \text{ sec}} \right) \left(\frac{1 \text{ hr}}{60 \text{ min}} \right) \left(\frac{1 \text{ day}}{24 \text{ hr}} \right) = \boxed{13.45 \text{ day}}$$

1.6



$A = 10,000 \text{ km}^2 \left(1 \times 10^6 \frac{\text{m}^2}{\text{km}^2} \right) = 1 \times 10^{10} \text{ m}^2$

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1.800-9920579

INPUT = PRECIP = $\left(\frac{105 \text{ cm}}{\text{yr}} \right) \left(\frac{1 \text{ m}}{100 \text{ cm}} \right) = 1.05 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{yr}}$

Runoff = $\frac{140 \text{ m}^3}{\text{yr}}$

INPUT vol = $A \cdot d = (1 \times 10^{10} \text{ m}^2) \left(\frac{1.05 \text{ m}}{\text{yr}} \right) = 1.05 \times 10^{10} \frac{\text{m}^3}{\text{yr}}$

Very Low VALUE NOT FEASIBLE!!

Runoff = $140 \frac{\text{m}^3}{\text{yr}} \left(\frac{1 \text{ yr}}{365 \text{ day}} \right) \left(\frac{1 \text{ day}}{24 \text{ hr}} \right) \left(\frac{1 \text{ hr}}{60 \text{ min}} \right) \left(\frac{264.17 \text{ Gal}}{\text{m}^3} \right) = 0.076 \frac{\text{m}^3}{\text{min}}$

$P = I + ET + R$

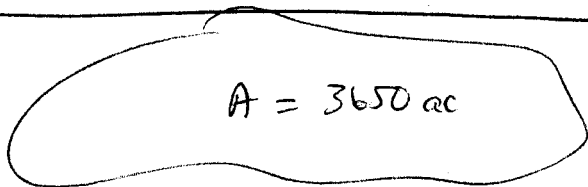
precip = INFILTRATION + EVAPORATION + Runoff

$I + ET = P - R = 1.05 \times 10^{10} \text{ m}^3 - 140 \text{ m}^3$

$I + ET = 1.05 \times 10^{10} \text{ m}^3$

CAN'T DETERMINE ET WITHOUT AN INFILTRATION FACTOR!

1.7



$A = 3650 \text{ ac}$

LAKE

EVAP = $100 \frac{\text{ac-ft}}{\text{day}}$

TIME = 1 year

INFLOW = $25 \frac{\text{ft}^3}{\text{sec}}$

INPUT = INFLOW = $25 \frac{\text{ft}^3}{\text{sec}} \frac{60 \text{ sec}}{\text{min}} \frac{60 \text{ min}}{\text{hr}} \frac{24 \text{ hr}}{\text{day}} \frac{365 \text{ day}}{\text{yr}} =$

-153.7cm

$7.88 \times 10^8 \frac{\text{ft}^3}{\text{yr}} \left(\frac{1 \text{ ac-ft}}{43,560 \text{ ft}^3} \right) = 18,099 \frac{\text{ac-ft}}{\text{yr}}$

OUTPUT = EVAP = $100 \frac{\text{ac-ft}}{\text{day}} \left(\frac{365 \text{ day}}{\text{yr}} \right) = 36,500 \frac{\text{ac-ft}}{\text{yr}}$

DECREASING

$I - Q = \Delta S = 18,099 \text{ ac-ft} - 36,500 \text{ ac-ft} = -18,401 \frac{\text{ac-ft}}{\text{year}}$

$d = \text{VOL} / \text{AREA} = -18,401 \text{ ac-ft} / 36,500 \text{ ac} = -0.504 \text{ ft} = -15.4 \text{ cm}$

1.8

$$\text{INITIAL STORAGE VOLUME} = 20,000 \text{ m}^3$$

$$I = \text{INFLOW} = 20 \frac{\text{m}^3}{\text{sec}}$$

$$Q = \text{OUTFLOW} = 18 \frac{\text{m}^3}{\text{sec}}$$

$$I - Q = \Delta S = 20 \frac{\text{m}^3}{\text{sec}} - 18 \frac{\text{m}^3}{\text{sec}} = +2 \frac{\text{m}^3}{\text{sec}}$$

$$\text{NET FLUX AFTER 1 hr} = +2 \frac{\text{m}^3}{\text{sec}} \left(\frac{60 \text{ sec}}{\text{min}} \right) \left(\frac{60 \text{ min}}{\text{hr}} \right) = +7200 \frac{\text{m}^3}{\text{hr}}$$

$$\text{FINAL STORAGE} = 20,000 \text{ m}^3 + 7200 \text{ m}^3 = \boxed{27,200 \text{ m}^3}$$

ALTERNATIVE TO PROBLEM 1.6

1.6 NOTE: THIS QUESTION HAS A TYPO. THE
MEAN ANNUAL RUNOFF SHOULD BE $140 \text{ m}^3/\text{sec}$

ASSUME THAT GROUNDWATER INFLOW/LOSS = "0"
ASSUME THAT NET CHANGE IN STORAGE $\Delta S = "0"$

$$\text{ANNUAL RUNOFF} = 140 \frac{\text{m}^3}{\text{sec}} \frac{60 \text{ sec}}{\text{min}} \frac{60 \text{ min}}{\text{hr}} \frac{24 \text{ hr}}{\text{day}} \frac{365 \text{ day}}{\text{yr}} = 4.42 \times 10^9 \frac{\text{m}^3}{\text{yr}}$$

$$\text{INPUT} = \text{PRECIP} = 105 \text{ cm} = (1.05 \text{ m})(10^{10} \text{ m}^2) = 1.05 \times 10^{10} \text{ m}^3$$

$$\text{ET} = \text{PRECIP} - \text{RUNOFF} = 1.05 \times 10^{10} \frac{\text{m}^3}{\text{yr}} - 4.42 \times 10^9 \frac{\text{m}^3}{\text{yr}} =$$

$$\text{ET} = 6.08 \times 10^9 \text{ m}^3 = \frac{6.08 \times 10^9 \text{ m}^3}{10^{10} \text{ m}^2} =$$

$$0.61 \text{ m} = 610 \text{ cm}$$