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## MOUNTANA FIR LAR PART A Interpretation of Drilling Log

L4 PAGOS)

Examine the attached drilling log and answer the following questions.

1. Determine the following:		AREA CIRCLE
A. Surface elevation at the B. Total depth of the borin		TTC2
C. Borehole diameter		
D. Well assembly diameter		
E. Elevation at the base of F. Elevation at the base of G. Depth at which grounds encountered during drill the parts of the exterior water	the Pittsburgh Coal water was first ling	Uolume of Cyunder
H. Depth of the static water on 6/23/89	er ievei iii the weii	•
I. Drilling method:		
J. Elevation at which ground encountered during drilli	ing	πr. h
K. Elevation of the static w on 6/23/89		
L. Elevation of the bottom		
M. Elevation of the top of		
N. Composition of material	packed around well	\ () **
screen.  O. How far above the top	of the well screen does	
the screen pack rise?	or the well sereen doct	•
P. Composition of material	surrounding the	
solid PVC riser pipe.	J	
2. Based on the drilling log, what water to the monitoring well?	lithostratigraphic unit I	likely serves as the aquifer providing
3. Examine the position of the sta	tic water level vs. the	encounterd ground water level.
A. What hydrostatic condi-	tions are implied by thi	s relationship.
B. What type of aquifer co likely aquitards / aquifers?	ndition exists? Is it un	confined / confined?, What are the
4. What is the relative porosity ar (describe as either "low" or "high"		
	Porosity	Permeability
Pittsburgh Coal		
Upper Pgh Limestone		
Gray Shale below Pgh LS	<u></u>	
L. Pgh Coal	**************************************	<del></del>
Lower Pgh LS		

- 5. Examine the location of the screened interval in relation to the lithostratigraphy. In terms of ground water chemistry, would you think the well water to be on the alkaline or acidic side?
- 6. What type of groundwater chemistry would you expect in relation to the Pittsburgh Coal alkaline or acidic?
- 7. What would happen to the groundwater chemistry of the well (screened interval), if the cement-bentonite grout seal leaked around the solid PVC riser pipe?
- 8. What is cement made out of?? Would this material render water alkaline or acidic? What would be an extreme pH of the well water if some of the cement-bentonite grout leaked into the well screen during installation (by mistake)? What would be the easiest way to check for grout contamination in the field?
- 9. Common well construction calculations:

Some base expenses:

Drilling = \$11.30 / linear ft; 4" PVC slotted screen = \$5.00 / linear ft; 4" PVC riser = \$3.00 / linear ft; cement-bentonite grout mix = \$8.35 / 50# bag; bentonite pellets = \$15.00 / 50# bucket; coarse sand = \$7.50 / 50# bag; fine sand = \$5.45 / 50# bag; 10" steel casing = \$23.50 / linear ft.

Assume the following in your calculations:

- 1 50# bag of cement-bentonite grout mix fills 0.5 ft<sup>3</sup> of volume
- 1 50# bucket of bentonite pellets fills 0.8 ft<sup>3</sup> of volume
- 1 50# bag of coarse sand fills 0.3 ft<sup>3</sup> of volume
- 1 50# bag of find sand fills 0.2 ft<sup>3</sup> of volume

Some preliminary questions and hints:

i.	Does a drill hole most resemble a cube, sphere, cone, trapezoid, or cylinder?	
11.	. What is the equation to calculate the volume of the object in i. above?	-
	(hint look at beginning of notes)	

- iii. What is the diameter of the annular space between the walls of the bore hole and the outside of the PVC well assembly? Is it constant or variable throughout the assembly?
- iv. How would you determine the volume of the annular space between the outside of the borehole and the outside of the PVC well assembly? Write a generalized equation.

Determine the following itemized construction costs for drilling and installing the monitoring
well (refer to drilling / construction log). (Remember: when calculating volumes, make sure
to use consistent length units)

A. Borehole drilling	\$
B. 10" steel casing	\$
C. Solid PVC riser	\$
D. Slotted PVC screen	\$
E. Cement-Bentonite Grout	\$
in the 6" borehole at base of we	<b>II.</b>
F. Bentonite pellets at base of well	\$
G. Coarse sand around screen	\$
H. Fine sand around riser.	\$
I. Cement-Bentonite Grout around	\$
PVC riser pipe	•
Total Cost for Well	Ś

-						FORM 6		Sheet	<u>.</u> of	,
Borei	hole Number ww-	10-88						_	<del>`</del> ``.	
Sirefa	ce Elevation (FVMSL):	116	1.37			Drilling Method:	A4- 8			
£	ole Diameter: 7-7/8	inches	, From o	1	O 55.	o Date Drilled:	89/6/19	z (miecięd y	(vv/m	m/dd)
		inches	, From	1	ro —	Online d Our		uncan Bros.		-
Total	Depth:55.01	•					Posses (D	uncan Bros. Hurray Assoc	Drilling)	
Depti	h to Static Ground Wa	ter Leve	el (SWL):	26	5 (		te County	nurray Assoc	lates, In	ic.)
Date		89/6/23			/mm/c					<del></del>
	<del></del> -					, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		Cerman T	Cownship	
Depth (ft)	Lithologic Description	Plot	Ground Water* Observations	No.	Rec**	Comments	Well/Pie	zometer Cons	struction	Depth (ft)
						10" STEEL CASING	† T			- (1.1)
0.0		-				9-7/8" BOREHOLE	<b>√</b>			
2.0	Brown Silty Clay						100		-	<del>                                     </del>
•							10	4 4	-	-
<u> </u>	Coal		····		<b></b>	Slightly Weathered	"]		e	=
						(Pittsburgh Coal)			•••	_
9.0	Cray Claysbale		loist Cutti				_  [		<b>E</b>	8.0 -
10.0	Gray Shale Gray Limestone	وينتستني	2.0'-10.0'	A-		Slightly Weathered Top of Rock at 9.0	4	#	ſ	-
			<del></del>	<del> </del>			7			<u>-</u>
13.0	Gray Shale					(Upper Pittsburgh Limestone)	]	4		-
_			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					D #		-
:	Gray Shaly Sandatone to Sandy Shale				· ·	4" DIA. SCH. 40	1	JE		-
	to samey suare					PVC SOLID RISER	12			-
20.0						CEMENT/BENTONITE GROUT	ļ. ·			] :
						7-7/8" BOREHOLE	1		1	-
						,,		[*]		-
_	Gray Shale							- 1		-
						FINE SAND -	1	# W.W.	·	\
						A" DIA. SCH. 40 PVC SCREEN	127	25 10	₫	26.5 - 27.5 -
!								000	4	29.7
31.0	Carbonaceous Shale						1 27		<b>)</b>	27.1
	with Coal Laminations					(Little Pittsburgh Coal)			4	-
35.0										-
المكمكلات	Gray Limestone	<b>/</b>	Y			(Lower Pittsburgh Limestone)	†		<b></b>	_
ľ							<b> </b>	= 00		-
	Gray Calcareous Shale					COARSE SAND -		00 - 00	<u>L</u> .	39.4
j							2	000000	<u></u>	40.7
						BENTONITE PELLETS		703000	3 .	42.0
	***************************************							00000		44.0
46.0							<u> </u>	#	······································	
	0 0							#		
_	Gray Shaly Limestone					CEMENT/BENTONITE GROUT		"		
57 E			j				- "	# #	:	_
52.5						6" BOREHOLE	12/	7		
55.0	Gray Claystone					Bottom of Boring at 55.0 Ft.		# #		
							<del> </del>		Bottom	
Ì									Elevation	7
Ì		: 1		- 1			İ			ı ⊣

Use additional sheets with this format as necessary

▼ Composite Static Water Level

\* ☑ Encountered Ground Water

\*\* Recovered/Attempted